

The diagram illustrates a multi-stage electronic circuit, possibly a radio receiver. Key components and their connections are as follows:

- Power Section (Right):** A power transformer (25) with a primary winding connected to an AC source (indicated by a circle with a cross) and a secondary winding providing multiple output voltages. A ground symbol (26) is shown.
- Detector and First AF Stage (Center):** A vacuum tube (21) is connected to a tuned circuit consisting of an inductor (24) and a capacitor (28). The output of this stage is coupled to a second tuned circuit (34) via a transformer (36).
- AF Amplifier Stage (Left):** A vacuum tube (22) is connected to a tuned circuit (22A) and a variable capacitor (16). The output of this stage is coupled to a second tuned circuit (30) via a transformer (32).
- Rectifier and Filter Section (Top):** A vacuum tube (18) is connected to a rectifier circuit (81, 82) and a filter capacitor (C1). The output of this stage is coupled to a second tuned circuit (C2) via a transformer (18).
- Other Components:** A vacuum tube (14) is shown on the far left. A vacuum tube (30) is shown at the top, connected to a ground symbol (32).

FIG. 2

Range	Driving mode	Engaging element			
		C1	C2	B1	B2
D	First-gear engine driving mode	x	●	x	●
	ETC driving mode	x	●	x	x
	Second-gear engine driving mode	●	●	x	x
	Motor driving mode	●	x	x	x
N, P	Neutral mode	x	x	x	x
		x	x	●	x
	Reverse engine driving mode	●	x	●	x
R	Motor driving mode	●	x	x	x

● : Engaged x : Released

FIG. 3

